Begin ——— March 13, 1959

30.24-6409

A19

AMS BUDGET (600)

NIGHT LEAD GERMAN (SUBS FOR BONN BJT)

BY ARTHUR GAVSHON

LONDON, MARCH 13 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN FLEW BACK FROM BONN TONIGHT WITH BROAD WEST GERMAN -- AND FRENCH -- SUPPORT FOR A PROGRAM LEADING TO SUMMIT TALKS WITH RUSSIA BY JULY, BRITISH SOURCES REPORTED.

MACMILLAN HOPES ON A FLYING TRIP TO WASHINGTON NEXT WEEK TO WIN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S ENDORSEMENT OF THE PLAN FOR EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS ON GERMAN AND OTHER EUROPEAN PROBLEMS.

ESSENTIAL FEATURES OF THE PROGRAM, DESIGNED TO ACHIEVE A SETTLEMENT OF THE BERLIN CRISIS AND A RELAXATION OF THE COLD WAR, ALREADY HAVE BEEN CLEARED BY KEY ALLIED GOVERNMENTS DURING NORMAL DIPLOMATIC EXCHANGES.

IN BONN, CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER SAID HE AND MACMILLAN "ACHIEVED COMPLETE UNITY" IN THEIR TWO DAYS OF TALKS.

SPEAKING TO REPORTERS AFTER SEEING OFF MACMILLAN ON THE PLANE TO LONDON, ADENAUER SAID THE TALKS WERE "EXCELLENT FOR US AND FOR EUROPE."

GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRETANO SAID THE TALKS "PRODUCED A COMPLETE CONFIRMATION OF OUR MUTUAL POLICIES" AND DEMONSTRATED "THAT THE SOLIDARITY OF THE WEST IS UNBREAKABLE."

THE MACMILLAN-ADENAUER TALKS HAD BEGUN UNDER A CLOUD OF UNCERTAINTY. ADENAUER WAS KNOWN TO HAVE MISGIVINGS OVER MACMILLAN'S VISIT TO MOSCOW LAST WEEK. THE WEST GERMANS AND THE FRENCH HAVE FAVORED A MUCH TOUGHER APPROACH TO THE RUSSIANS THAN THE BRITISH.

BUT APPARENTLY MACMILLAN'S REPORT TO ADENAUER ON HIS TALKS WITH SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV SWEPT AWAY GERMAN MISGIVINGS.

MACMILLAN AND ADENAUER RANGED OVER THE SOVIET THREAT TO WESTERN-OCCUPIED WEST BERLIN, THE PROBLEM OF GERMAN UNIFICATION AND EUROPEAN SECURITY.

IT WAS EVIDENT THAT THE POSSIBILITY OF OFFERING THE RUSSIANS A MILITARILY THINNED OUT ZONE IN RETURN FOR A POLITICAL SETTLEMENT OF THE EXPLOSIVE BERLIN QUESTION WAS ONE OF THE MAIN SUBJECTS OF DISCUSSION. THIS WILL BE TAKEN UP AGAIN IN WASHINGTON.

A BRITISH SPOKESMAN SAID THAT NOTHING HAD OCCURRED IN EITHER PARIS, WHERE MACMILLAN CONFERRED WITH PRESIDENT DE GAULLE EARLIER THIS WEEK, OR IN BONN TO DETER THE BRITISH FROM PRESSING EISENHOWER TO ACCEPT THE THINNED OUT ZONE AS ONE OF THE IDEAS TO PRESENT TO THE RUSSIANS.

A GERMAN SPOKESMAN SAID WEST GERMANY HAD NO OBJECTION TO THINNING OUT MILITARY FORCES IN A CERTAIN GEOGRAPHICAL AREA AS LONG AS IT WAS A STEP TOWARD GENERAL DISARMAMENT AND WAS SUBJECT TO CONTROLS. THE AREA WAS NOT DEFINED.

MACMILLAN'S PARTING REMARK ON LEAVING BONN WAS: "I HAD A WONDERFUL TIME."

MACMILLAN, LOOKING PALE AND SERIOUS, MADE NO STATEMENT TO NEWSMEN AT LONDON AIRPORT. FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD AND OTHER BRITISH OFFICIALS FLEW BACK WITH HIM.

GOVERNMENT SOURCES OUTLINED THIS STEP-BY-STEP TIMETABLE WHICH MACMILLAN -- ON THE BASIS OF HIS TALKS WITH KHRUSHCHEV IN MOSCOW -- THINKS CAN CULMINATE IN SUMMIT CONFERENCES BEGINNING IN JULY.

1. THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND FRANCE NEXT WEEK WILL OFFER TO JOIN THE SOVIET UNION IN A FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING IN GENEVA ABOUT MAY 11. THE CONFERENCE WOULD TACKLE RUSSIA'S THREAT TO THE ALLIED POSITION IN WEST BERLIN--BUT AGAINST THE WIDER BACKGROUND OF AN OVER-ALL GERMAN PEACE SETTLEMENT. THE ALLIES IN THEIR NOTES WILL NOT ACCEPT THE SOVIET SUGGESTION THAT COMMUNIST POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA ATTEND, BUT THEY WILL NOT FORCE THIS ISSUE TO A BREAKING-POINT.

2. ALMOST IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE FIVE-DAY MACMILLAN-EISENHOWER TALKS END ON MARCH 24, INTENSIVE INTER-ALLIED CONSULTATIONS WILL BEGIN IN WASHINGTON. FIRST U.S., BRITISH, FRENCH AND WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTERS WILL MEET THERE TO ALIGN THEIR POLITICAL POSITIONS. THEN THE ATLANTIC COUNCIL OF FOREIGN MINISTERS WILL CONVENE FOR ITS 10TH ANNIVERSARY SESSION AND WILL ENDORSE THE FINDINGS REACHED BY THE WESTERN-FOUR.

3. THE EAST-WEST FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE IN GENEVA IS EXPECTED TO LAST ABOUT ONE MONTH. EAST AND WEST GERMAN REPRESENTATIVES ARE LIKELY TO ATTEND. IF IT ACHIEVES A REASONABLE MEASURE OF AGREEMENT -- AND MACMILLAN IS PICTURED AS BELIEVING IT WILL -- A SUMMIT CONFERENCE WILL BE CALLED.

4. THE BRITISH FORECAST THE SUMMIT MEETING WILL BE HELD DURING JULY AND WILL LAST UP TO SIX DAYS. ANY PROGRESS IT MAKES WILL BE BEQUEATHED TO ANOTHER FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE LATER IN THE YEAR.

HK/UM338PES

A68

WITH BONN (470)

BY GARVEN HUDGINS

LONDON, MARCH 13 (AP)-BRITISH RESENTMENT AT U.S. TRADE POLICIES WILL BE AMONG THE TOPICS BRITISH PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN WILL THRASH OUT WITH OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON NEXT WEEK.

WHILE THE BERLIN CRISIS WILL REMAIN THE NO. 1 ITEM ON THE AGENDA OF THE ANGLO-U.S. DISCUSSIONS, MACMILLAN HAS STRESSED THAT HE INTENDS TO SPELL OUT THE REASONS FOR BRITAIN'S IRRITATION AT RECENT AMERICAN TRADE DECISIONS.

BASICALLY, THE FOUR PRINCIPAL U.S. TRADE MOVES WHICH HAVE STIRRED PARTICULAR OPPOSITION IN BRITAIN ARE:

1. THE ANNOUNCEMENT LAST YEAR OF U.S. QUOTAS FOR THE IMPORT OF LEAD AND ZINC AND RESTRICTIONS ON OIL IMPORTS.

2. THE REJECTION OF THE ENGLISH ELECTRIC COMPANY'S BID TO FURNISH EQUIPMENT AT THE GREERS FERRY, ARK., DAM PROJECT.

3. THE U.S. ATTITUDE AT THE RECENT MONTREAL CONFERENCE ON AVIATION NAVIGATIONAL AIDS OF THE INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION (ICAO). THE CONFERENCE APPROVED AN AMERICAN NAVIGATING SYSTEM IN PREFERENCE TO A BRITISH SYSTEM.

4. U.S. WOOL TARIFF QUOTAS, WHICH THE BRITISH FEEL WORK AGAINST HIGH-QUALITY CLOTHS IN FAVOR OF STAPLE CLOTHS.

BRITISH WORRIES ABOUT ALL THESE ARE BASED MORE ON A STRONG FEELING OF DEPENDENCE ON U.S. ECONOMIC LEADERSHIP THAN ON HISTILITY OR SUSPICION.

SIR DAVID ECCLES, PRESIDENT OF THE BRITISH BOARD OF TRADE, HAS CRITICIZED U.S. POLICY HEAVILY IN THE FOUR SPECIFIC CASES. BUT HE IS RECOGNIZED BY U.S. BUSINESSMEN IN BRITAIN AS ONE OF THE STRONGEST SUPPORTERS OF ECONOMIC INTERDEPENDENCE BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES.

BRITISH OFFICIALS APPRECIATE THAT POLITICAL PRESSURES IN THE U.S. CONGRESS CAN WORK AGAINST LIBERAL ECONOMIC POLICY. BOARD OF TRADE EXPERTS ALSO EMPHASIZE THAT THE AMERICAN RECESSION DOUBTLESS MADE U.S. ECONOMIC POLICY LAST YEAR MUCH LESS LIBERAL THAN PRESIDENT EISENHOWER PREDICTED IT WOULD BE.

SPECIALISTS IN THE BOARD OF TRADE SAY BRITAIN HERSELF IS MAKING SUBSTANTIAL MOVES TOWARD TRADE LIBERALIZATION AND THAT THIS IS ONE REASON BRITAIN IS OPPOSED TO WHAT IT REGARDS AS AMERICAN

DEPARTURES FROM LIBERAL POLICY.

AN EXAMPLE OF BRITISH BUSINESS SENTIMENT ON THE U.S. WOOL QUOTAS, FOR EXAMPLE, COMES FROM C.J. BALLANTYEN, PRESIDENT OF THE SCOTTISH WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS OF EDINBURGH.

"WHAT DOES NOT APPEAR TO HAVE DAWNED UPON THE PROTECTIONIST LOBBY IN WASHINGTON," HE SAYS, "IS THAT THE REAL COMPETITORS OF U.S. WOOL MANUFACTURERS ARE AMERICAN PRODUCERS OF JAPANESE SYNTHETIC MATERIALS AND THE MANUFACTURERS OF MASS PRODUCED PLAIN CLOTHS.

"SCOTTISH CLOTH AND BRITISH WOOLEN CLOTH IN GENERAL IN NO WAY HARMS AMERICAN PRODUCERS, FEW OF WHOM HAVE EVER AIMED AT THE QUALITY MARKET."

THE FEELING IN BRITAIN ABOUT U.S. TRADE POLICIES HAS PRODUCED A MOVEMENT WITHIN POWERFUL ECONOMIC CIRCLES FOR STRENGTHENING THE BRITISH ECONOMIC MISSION IN WASHINGTON. THIS IS CONSIDERED LIKELY TO HAPPEN SOON.

VS546AES

A152

LONDON, MARCH 13 (AP)-FINLAND AND SOVIET RUSSIA HAVE AGREED TO BOOST THEIR TRADE THIS YEAR BY 15 PER CENT OVER 1958, MOSCOW RADIO REPORTED TODAY.

BU1212AES

A121

(170)

NIGHT LEAD SUSLOV

LONDON, MARCH 13 (AP)-MIKHAIL SUSLOV, SECRETARY OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE, ARRIVED TODAY FOR WHAT WAS CALLED A 10-DAY UNOFFICIAL VISIT AS A GUEST OF BRITISH SOCIALISTS.

MANY OBSERVERS SPECULATED THE TRIP WAS MORETHAN A JOYRIDE.

SUSLOV, TALL, SMILING AND BESPECTACLED, PROBABLY IS THE PARTY'S TOP THEORETICIAN.

HE CAME HERE AT THE HEAD OF A RUSSIAN PARLIAMENTARY DELEGATION PROCLAIMING GENIALLY:

"SPRING IS IN THE AIR AND WE HOPE THAT THE WARM AIR WILL HELP BOTH NATURE AND THE RELATIONS BETWEEN OUR TWO COUNTRIES."

BUT NOBODY THOUGHT SUSLOV HAD COME JUST TO TALK ABOUT THE WEATHER..

HIS PROGRAM CALLS FOR A ROUND OF TALKS WITH LABOR PARTY LEADERS AND A SWING THROUGH THE COUJNTRY.

GOVERNMENT SOURCES SAID HE ALSO MAY MEET FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD--AND POSSIBLY PRIME MINISTER MACMILLAN.

THERE WAS SPECULATION SUSLOV MAY WANT TO ENLARGE ON THE VIEWS SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV EXPRESSED TO MACMILLAN IN MOSCOW RECENTLY.

SUSLOV WAS INVITED HERE BY A GROUP OF SOCIALIST PARLIAMENTARIANS KNOWN AS THE ANGLO-RUSSIAN PARLIAMENTARY COMMITTEE.

JE1025PES

AV6

LONDON, MARCH 13 (AP)-OFFICIAL SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS SAID TONIGHT PREMIER KHRUSHCHEV WILL VISIT SWEDEN, NORWAY AND DENMARK IN AUGUST AT THE INVITATION OF THE THREE SCANDINAVIAN GOVERNMENTS.

BF913PES

A114 (210)

LONDON, MARCH 13 (AP)-COMMUNIST CHINA TODAY CLAIMED THAT NATIONALIST CHINESE TROOPS BASED IN LAOS HAVE BEEN CONSTANTLY INVADING BORDER AREAS IN CHINA'S YUNNAN PROVINCE IN THE PAST SIX MONTHS.

PEIPING RADIO CARRIED A REPORT OF THE OFFICIAL NEW CHINA NEWS AGENCY CHARGINING THAT REMNANT TROOPS LEFT BEHIND WHEN THE NATIONALIST GOVERNMENT FLED THE MAINLAND HAD BEEN GETTING AID FROM LAOTIAN AUTHORITIES FOR THEIR OPERATIONS FROM THE PHONG SALY AND HOUI-SAI PROVINCES OF LAOS.

THE RED RADIO ALSO CLAIMED THAT THE NATIONALIST TROOPS WERE INSTIGATED AND SUPPORTED BY "AMERICAN IMPERIALISTS."

THE BROADCAST SAID THE U.S. AIM WAS TO CREATE A PRETEXT FOR ARMED INTERVENTION BY THE UNITED STATES AND THE SOUTHEAST ASIA TREATY ORGANIZATION (SEATO) AND TO DRAG LAOS "STEP BY STEP INTO THAT BLOC IN OPEN OR SECRET FORM."

RED CHINA HAS BEEN WAGING A WAR OF WORDS IN RECENT WEEKS AGAINST THE LITTLE LAOTIAN KINGDOM, WHICH ONCE WAS A PART OF FRENCH INDO-CHINA. A POLITICAL TRUCE BETWEEN THE DOMINANT WESTERN-INCLINED LEADERSHIP IN LAOS AND LEADERS OF A PRO-COMMUNIST OPPOSITION BROKE DOWN LAST SUMMER AND THE LEFTISTS WERE LEFT OUT OF THE GOVERNMENT.

IN RECENT MONTHS THE LAOTIAN GOVERNMENT HAS BEEN COMPLAINING THAT COMMUNIST NORTH VIET NAM HAS BEEN BUILDING UP ITS FORCES ALONG THE BORDER BETWEEN THE TWO COUNTRIES AND THAT GROUPS OF RED TROOPS HAVE BEEN RAIDING ACROSS THE BORDER.

NW850AES

A62

(200)

FIRST LEAD FRENCH FLEET

BY DAVID MASON

PARIS, MARCH 13 (AP)-THE FRENCH HAVE TOLD THEIR NATO ALLIES THEY INTEND TO KEEP THEIR MEDITERRANEAN FLEET UNDER FRENCH COMMAND IN THE EVENT OF WAR.

THE DECISION--DISCLOSED TONIGHT--APPEARS TO HAVE MORE PSYCHOLOGICAL THAN PRACTICAL IMPORTANCE.

IT WAS SEEN BY SOME AS A PAPER SLAP IN THE FACE TO NATO: A SHOW OF PERSISTENT FRENCH DISCONTENT WITH FRANCE'S ROLE IN THE ALLIANCE AND A LACK OF ALLIED SUPPORT FOR THE FRENCH WAR AGAINST THE ALGERIAN REBELS. THE UPBUILDING OF FRENCH PRESTIGE HAS BEEN A MAJOR CONCERN OF THE DE GAULLE GOVERNMENT.

(IN WASHINGTON, THE U.S. GOVERNMENT OFFICIALLY WITHHELD JUDGMENT ON FRANCE'S MOVE, BUT OFFICIALS SAID PRIVATELY IT MIGHT BE A CAUSE FOR CONCERN.

(STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE SAID "THIS PARTICULAR SUBJECT IS OF COURSE BEING DISCUSSED IN NATO WHERE THERE IS FULL OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL MEMBERS OF THE ALLIANCE TO EXPRESS THEIR VIEWS." HE DECLINED TO ELABORATE ON THIS.

(THE U.S. REACTION IS EXPECTED TO BE MADE KNOWN AT NATO COUNCIL MEETINGS IN PARIS, PERHAPS NEXT WEEK.)

MOST OF THE FRENCH FLEET IS IN THE MEDITERRANEAN. BUT IN COMBAT STRENGTH, IT IS A POOR THIRD TO THE U.S. AND BRITISH FLEETS. THE MOST IMPORTANT STRIKING FORCE IN THE MEDITERRANEAN IS THE U.S. 6TH FLEET.

MAJOR UNITS OF THE FRENCH FLEET CONSIST OF TWO SMALL BATTLESHIPS, THE 39,000-TON JEAN BART, NOW A SCHOOL SHIP, AND THE 38,000-TON RICHELIEU; FIVE AIRCRAFT CARRIERS, MOST OF THEM NOT BELIEVED EQUIPPED TO TAKE JET PLANES; A HELICOPTER CARRIER; FIVE LIGHT CRUISERS; NINE RELATIVELY SMALL SUBMARINES; AND A NUMBER OF ESCORT VESSELS. TOTAL TONNAGE OF THE FLEET IN SERVICE IS PUT AT 401,570.

PART OF THE FRENCH NAVY IS DEPLOYED IN THE ATLANTIC AND PART IN THE ENGLISH CHANNEL. ONLY A SMALL PERCENTAGE OF THE TOTAL FLEET WAS FORMALLY COMMITTED TO NATO IN CASE OF WAR, ACCORDING TO RELIABLE SOURCES.

A SPOKESMAN FOR THE NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION SAID FRANCE INFORMED THE NATO PERMANENT COUNCIL OF THE DECISION WEDNESDAY.

"IT WAS HARDLY RECEIVED WITH ENTHUSIASM BY THE OTHER 14 MEMBERS OF NATO," THE SPOKESMAN SAID.

OFFICIAL FRENCH SOURCES SAID THE MOVE WAS MADE BECAUSE WHAT THEY CALLED FRANCE'S SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE WESTERN MEDITERRANEAN.

ALTHOUGH THESE RESPONSIBILITIES WERE NOT SPELLED OUT, THEY OBVIOUSLY CENTER CHIEFLY ON THE FOUR-YEAR-OLD ALGERIAN NATINALIST REBLLION.

FRENCH SOURCES CLAIMED THE MOVE WOULD IN NO WAY ALTER THE EFFECTIVENESS OF NATO EITHER IN PEACE OR WAR. BUT IT APPEARED CLEAR THAT NATO MILITARY PLANNERS WOULD BE HAMPERED IF THEY COULD NOT SHIFT FLEET UNITS ACCORDING TO WHAT THEY CONSIDERED MILITARY NEEDS AT ANY GIVEN TIME.

ASKED HOW FRANCE COULD TAKE SUCH A STEP AND STILL LIVE UP TO NATO OBLIGATIONS, THE NATO SPOKESMAN REPLIED: "THAT'S A NICE JURIDICAL QUESTION."

THE FRENCH FLEET AT PRESENT IS UNDER FRENCH NATIONAL COMMAND, BUT CERTAIN UNITS ARE COMMITTED TO NATO IN THE EVENT WAR SHOULD BREAK OUT. THE NUMBER OF UNITS COMMITTED IS NOT KNOWN PUBLICLY.

SUPREME HEADQUARTERS, ALLIED POWERS EUROPE, HAD NO COMMENT ON THE FRENCH ACTION.

BEYOND THE OFFICIALLY STATED REASON FOR THE FRENCH MOVE, THERE APPEARED TO LOOM A BASIC DISCONTENT OF THE FRENCH TOWARD NATO.

SINCE HIS RISE TO POWER LAST JUNE, PRESIDENT CHARLES DE GAULLE HAS STEADILY BEEN TRYING TO INCREASE FRANCE'S ROLE IN NATO, TO BRING IT UP TO THE BRITISH AND AMERICAN POSITIONS. CONSULTATIONS TO THIS END HAVE APPARENTLY NOT GIVEN THE FRENCH ENTIRE SATISFACTION.

IN ADDITION, THE FRENCH BELIEVE THEY HAVE NOT RECEIVED ALLIED SUPPORT THEY BELIEVE THEY SHOULD HAVE AGAINST THE ALGERIAN REBELS. LAST YEAR A CRISIS CAME WHEN THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN DELIVERED SMALL ARMS TO TUNISIA. FRANCE FEARED THE ARMS WOULD GET TO THE ALGERIAN REBELS.

FRANCE'S DECISION TO RUN ITS OWN MEDITERRANEAN FLEET IN WARTIME AS WELL AS PEACE COULD BE INTERPRETED AS A SOMEWHAT DEFIANT GO-IT-ALONE ATTITUDE.

ML532PES

1959

A143 (150)

BELGRADE, YUGOSLAVIA, MARCH 13 (AP)-PRESIDENT TITO WAS QUOTED TODAY AS SAYING THAT SOVIET-AMERICAN RELATIONS HAVE IMPROVED SLIGHTLY AND WILL CONTINUE TO DO SO.

THE STATEMENT WAS MADE IN AN INTERVIEW GRANTED THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR OF BOSTON, AND RELEASED BY THE OFFICIAL NEWS AGENCY TANJUG.

~~TANJUG GAVE THIS STATEMENT OF TITO FROM THE INTERVIEW:~~

"I THINK SOVIET-AMERICAN RELATIONS ARE IMPROVING SLIGHTLY, AND I BELIEVE THEY WILL GRADUALLY IMPROVE EVEN MORE, REGARDLESS OF DIFFERENT VIEWPOINTS ON VARIOUS PROBLEMS. I BELIEVE THAT LEADERS IN BOTH COUNTRIES ARE CONSCIOUS OF THEIR RESPONSIBILITIES TO HUMANITY."

AS TO YUGOSLAVIA'S RELATIONS WITH ITALY, HE SAID:

"IT IS TRUE THAT UNTIL RECENTLY GOOD RELATIONS DID NOT EXIST BETWEEN ITALY AND YUGOSLAVIA. BUT THANKS TO GOODWILL ON BOTH SIDES, THERE ARE NOW VERY GOOD RELATIONS AND USEFUL COOPERATION. THIS MAY IN A CERTAIN SENSE BE AN EXAMPLE OF HOW EVEN THE MOST SERIOUS DISCORDS MUST NOT BE A REASON FOR MUTUAL INTOLERANCE AND HATE."

HB1140PES

A136

TEL AVIV, ISRAEL, MARCH 13 (AP)-AN ISRAELI ARMY SPOKESMAN SAID TODAY SYRIANS FIRED ON ISRAELI FIELD WORKERS ACROSS THE BORDER TODAY AND WOUNDED ONE IN THE LEG.

HE SAID AN ISRAELI PATROL RUSHED TO THE SCENE AND RETURNED THE FIRE. THE EXCHANGE TOOK PLACE IN THE SHAAR HAYASHUV AREA.

JS1006AES

30.24- 6411

A22

AMS BUDGET (500)

NIGHT LEAD IRAQI

BY WILTON WYNN

DAMASCUS, SYRIA, MARCH 13 (AP)-PRESIDENT NASSER TOLD A MASSIVE ANTI-COMMUNIST RALLY TODAY THE REDS WERE CONVERTING IRAQ INTO A BASE FOR OPERATIONS IN THE ARAB WORLD.

TO THE CHEERS OF THOUSANDS GATHERED IN FRONT OF THE PRESIDENTIAL PALACE, NASSER ACCUSED IRAQI PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM OF BEING A WILLING ACCOMPLICE OF ARAB COMMUNISTS. KASSEM.

IT WAS THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC PRESIDENT'S THIRD ATTACK IN THREE DAYS ON ARAB COMMUNISTS AND ~~KAREM~~, NOW NASSER'S ARCH FOE IN THE STRUGGLE FOR THE ALLEGIANCE OF ALL ARABS.

ABOUT 250,000 PERSONS TURNED OUT IN DAMASCUS FOR THE RALLY, THAT WOUND UP A FUNERAL PARADE FOR AN IRAQI COLONEL KILLED LAST WEEK IN THE PRO-NASSER REVOLT AT MOSUL IN NORTHERN IRAQ.

THOSE WHO HAD MARCHED WITH THE BODY OF COL. MOHAMMED SAID SHEHAB CHANTED "DEATH TO KASSEM." SHEHAB WAS WOUNDED IN THE MOSUL FIGHTING, FLED INTO SYRIA AND DIED OF HIS WOUNDS IN DAMASCUS WEDNESDAY.

WHEN THE MARCHERS ASSEMBLED IN FRONT OF THE PALACE AFTER THE BURIAL IN A CEMETERY OUTSIDE DAMASCUS THEY HELD UP BANNERS WITH SUCH SLOGANS AS "DEATH TO KASSEM" AND "DEATH TO THE TRAITOROUS COMMUNIST PARTY."

THEY BROKE INTO CHEERS AS NASSER LAUNCHED INTO HIS ATTACK ON ARAB COMMUNISM. NASSER SAID THE IRAQI COMMUNISTS HAD TRIED TO CREATE A SYRIAN-IRAQI UNION DOMINATED BY "AN IRAQI BRAND OF COMMUNISM."

NASSER SAID THE COMMUNISTS FIRST SOUGHT TO USE SYRIA AS A BASE FOR OPERATIONS IN THE ARAB WORLD. WHEN THIS FAILED THEY TURNED TO IRAQ, HE SAID, AND THERE THEY FOUND KASSEM A WILLING ACCOMPLICE.

"THE COMMUNISTS IMAGINE THEY CAN ACHIEVE IN BAGHDAD WHAT THEY FAILED TO ACHIEVE IN DAMASCUS," NASSER SAID.

NASSER REFERRED TO SYRIAN COMMUNIST LEADER KHALID BAKDASH, WHO FLED TO IRAQ AFTER THE U.A.R. PRESIDENT CRACKED DOWN ON COMMUNISTS IN SYRIA.

"WHEN THEIR LEADER RETURNED TO YOUR COUNTRY ONCE AGAIN THEY BELIEVED THE HARVEST WAS NIGH, BUT THE ARAB PEOPLES ROSE TO DEFEND THEIR NATIONALISM WITH OPEN EYES," NASSER SAID. "SO COMMUNIST AGITATORS WENT TO IRAQ AND THE RULERS OF IRAQ OPENED THEIR GATES TO WELCOME THEM."

NASSER DENOUNCED BATHDAD'S PEOPLE'S COURT FOR ACCUSING THE U.A.R. OF STIMULATING THE MOSUL REVOLT.

"THE SLANDEROUS PEOPLE'S COURT -- ACTUALLY THE PEOPLE ARE UNAWARE OF WHAT IT DOES -- HURLED SLANDERS AGAINST YOU AND YOUR LEADERS," NASSER SAID. "THEY ACCUSED YOUR REPUBLIC AT A TIME WHEN THE RULERS OF IRAQ HAD NO IDEA OF WHAT WAS HAPPENING IN MOSUL."

NASSER ACCUSED KASSEM OF GETTING RID OF IRAQI EX-VICE PREMIER ABDEN SALAM AREF "BECAUSE HE BELIEVES IN ARAB NATIONALISM AND THE UNITY OF THE ARAB NATION."

AREF HELPED KASSEM OVERTHROW PREMIER NURI SAID'S PRO-WESTERN REGIME LAST JULY. RECENTLY AREF WAS CONVICTED BY A BAGHDAD MILITARY COURT OF PLOTTING TO OVERTHROW KASSEM AND WAS SENTENCED TO BE HANGED.

NASSER SCOFFED AT IRAQI LEADERS, CLAIMS OF DEMOCRACY AND PATRIOTISM, SAYING SUCH CLAIMS WERE "MANIFESTED IN THE CLOSING OF NEWSPAPERS AND THE BURNING OF THEIR OFFICES AND IN MURDERING INNOCENT WOMEN AND CHILDREN."

NASSER SAID KASSEM'S INTENSE HATRED OF THE U.A.R. IS TYPICAL OF THE COMMUNISTS.

"EVEN WHEN WE WERE ATTACKED BY THE BRITISH AND FRENCH (IN 1956) WE NEVER HURLED SUCH INSULTS AT THEM AND THEIR EMBASSIES AS DID THE IRAQI COMMUNISTS AT OUR EMBASSY AND PEOPLE THIS WEEK," THE PRESIDENT SAID.

NASSER DECLARED HE HAD NEVER ALLOWED THE COMMUNIST PARTY LEGALLY IN EGYPT BECAUSE "WE ARE CERTAIN THE COMMUNIST PARTY WAS INSPIRED BY A FOREIGN POWER."

NASSER WOUND UP BY PLEDGING THAT "WE WILL NOT YIELD OUR COUNTRY TO COMMUNISM NOR IMPERIALISM."

UM350PES

A67

MOSUL REVOLT DESCRIPTIVE--WITH DAMASCUS (850)

BY STAN CARTER

BAGHDAD, IRAQ, MARCH 13 (AP)-PEOPLE FROM NORTHERN IRAQ SAID TONIGHT CIVIL WAR RAGED IN THE STREETS OF MOSUL DAYS AFTER THE FALL OF IRAQI REBEL LEADERS.

THEY REPORTED THAT SPORADIC FIRING CONTINUED AS RECENTLY AS YESTERDAY IN MOSUL.

SOME ASSERTED ENORMOUS CASUALTIES RESULTED FROM THE REBELLION THEY SAID BEGAN LAST SATURDAY UNDER COL. ABDEL WAHAB SHAWAF.

(THIS DISPATCH WAS SENT THROUGH IRAQI CENSORSHIP. THE BAGHDAD GOVERNMENT HAS DECLARED THE UPRISING IN MOSUL WAS PUT DOWN AND ITS LEADERS WERE DESTROYED EARLY THIS WEEK.)

PEOPLE ARRIVING FROM THE NORTH GAVE THIS COMPOSITE ACCOUNT:

THOUSANDS OF SHAMMAR TRIBESMEN POURED INTO MOSUL FROM THE NORTHWEST TO JOIN SHAWAF'S REBELLION. TOWNSMEN IN SYMPATHY WITH U.A.R. PRESIDENT NASSER ALSO SIDED WITH THE REBELS.

ON THE OTHER HAND, LOYALIST TROOPS WERE BACKED BY THOUSANDS OF KURD AND YEZZIDDA TRIBESMEN WHO RUSHED IN FROM THE NORTHEAST.

BLOODSHED CAME AFTER SHAWAF WAS DRIVEN FROM HIS HEADQUARTERS BY IRAQI AIR FORCE BOMBERS. BEFORE THAT, HOWEVER, PRO-NASSER GROUPS SEIZED AND EXECUTED LARGE NUMBERS OF PEACE PARTISANS.

(REPORTS FROM OUTSIDE IRAQ HAVE SAID CLASHES FIRST BROKE OUT IN MOSUL LAST FRIDAY AT A BIG PEACE PARTISAN RALLY THAT WAS ATTENDED BY COMMUNISTS FROM ALL OVER IRAQ.)

THE ARRIVALS' ACCOUNTS CONTINUED:

WITH THE DEFEAT OF THE REBELS, LOYALIST DRUMHEAD COURTS TRIED AND CONVICTED SOLDIERS, TRIBESMEN AND TOWNSPEOPLE SUSPECTED OF AIDING THE UPRISING.

THERE WAS INTENSE FIRING--FROM RIFLES, STEN GUNS AND .30-CALIBER MACHINE GUNS--IN MOSUL ON MARCH 9, 10 AND 11.

THE NAKED BODIES OF TRAITORS WERE STRUNG UP FEET FIRST IN CITY BUS STOP SHELTERS AND FROM LAMP POSTS. OTHER BODIES WERE DRAGGED THROUGH THE STREETS BEHIND VEHICLES DRIVEN BY SOLDIERS. THE VEHICLES WERE FILLED WITH CIVILIANS, SHOUTING PRAISE FOR IRAQI PREMIER ABDEL KARIM KASSEM.

FIGHTING SWIRLED AROUND FOREIGNERS LIVING IN MOSUL, AND A FEW WHO WERE PASSING THROUGH, BUT THERE WERE NO REPORTS OF HARM TO ANY WESTERNERS.

A HANDFUL OF AMERICANS ARE KNOWN TO BE SAFE.

NONE OF THE FOREIGNERS RETURNING FROM MOSUL KNEW OF ANY HARM TO ANY OF ABOUT 20 BRITISH FAMILIES OR THE FEW GERMANS AND ITALIANS IN THE CITY.

AMERICAN ENGINEER WAYNE RIKERD OF (6601 CRENSHAW BLVD.) LOS ANGELES; 15-YEAR-OLD MISS CARLENE DAVIS, DAUGHTER OF J.CARL DAVIS OF WEST SACRAMENTO, CALIF.; MRS. ROBERT MOON OF KAMIAH, IDAHO, WIFE OF ANOTHER ENGINEER, TWO OTHER BRITISH OIL TECHNICIANS, AN INDIAN ENGINEER, A GREEK COUPLE AND A SYRIAN WERE ISOLATED IN A GOVERNMENT REST HOUSE OVER THE RAILROAD STATION. THE BUILDING CAME UNDER REBEL SNIPER FIRE BUT ALL ITS OCCUPANTS ARE SAFE.

IN THE REST HOUSE THEY FELT THE CONCUSSION OF THE BOMBARDMENT OF SHAWAF'S HEADQUARTERS, A MILE DOWN THE RAILROAD TRACK, WHICH WAS THE TURNING POINT OF THE REBELLION. THEY COULD SEE SMOKE FROM THE ACTION.

AFTER THE MONDAY MORNING BOMBING THEY WATCHED A BATTLE BETWEEN REBEL SOLDIERS INSIDE THE HEADQUARTERS AND LOYALIST SOLDIERS OUTSIDE. THE LOYALISTS WON BEFORE THE MORNING WAS OUT.

LATER THEY SAW FIGHTING BETWEEN SOLDIERS IN THE STREETS AND REBELS IN HOUSES. THEY HEARD HEAVY FIRING DOWNTOWN.

A FAIRLY COMPLETE STORY OF THE UPRISING EMERGED FROM THE TRAVELERS' REPORTS AND FROM AN ACCOUNT IN THE WELL INFORMED RED NEWSPAPER ITTIHAD AL SHAAB.

THE NEWSPAPER SAID THAT IN ADDITION TO THE SO-CALLED VOICE OF MOSUL RADIO STATION, WHICH BROADCAST A VOICE DESCRIBED AS SHAWAF'S AFTER HE WAS REPORTED DEAD, PRESUMABLY FROM A LOCATION IN SYRIA, THERE WAS A REBEL STATION IN MOSUL.

SOURCES FROM THE NORTH REPORTED THE REBELS SEIZED A BRITISH ENGINEER FROM THE MOSUL OIL FIELDS NORTH OF THE CITY SUNDAY. THEY SAI HE WAS TAKEN AT GUNPOINT TO MOSUL TO READY A RADIO STATION WHICH HAD BEEN UNDER CONSTRUCTION BUT WAS NOT YET COMPLETED. THE ENGINEER WAS ESCORTED BACK TO THE OIL FIELDS SUNDAY NIGHT.

APPARENTLY IT WAS THIS STATION THAT BROADCAST SHAWAF'S FIRST COMMUNIQUES AND A STATION IN SYRIA TOOK OVER AFTER THE LOYALISTS OCCUPIED THE MOSUL STATION.

THE SHAWAF-LED REBELLION BEGAN SATURDAY, THE DAY AFTER THE PEACE PARTISANS FROM BAGHDAD AND ELSEWHERE STAGED A RALLY IN MOSUL.

SATURDAY THERE WAS A DEMONSTRATION BY NASSER SUPPORTERS.

ITTIHAD REPORTED LEFTIST ELEMENTS OBJECTED TO SHAWAF AND HE TOLD THEM: "DON'T MENTION IT. YESTERDAY YOU CELEBRATED AND THEY ARE CELEBRATING TODAY."

SOME PERSONS WERE KILLED IN RIOTS THAT DAY, BUT THE NUMBER WAS SMALL.

SHAWAF TOOK OVER SATURDAY NIGHT AND UNTIL MONDAY MORNING MOSUL WAS A REBEL STATE.

PERSONS IN THE REST HOUSE REPORTED THE CITY QUIET SUNDAY, BUT ITTIHAD REPORTED THAT PATRIOTS TRYING TO RELEASE 300 PEACE PARTISANS SHAWAF HAD ARRESTED, WERE MOWED DOWN BY MACHINEGUNS.

THOUGH MONDAY'S BOMBING DID LITTLE DAMAGE TO THE HEADQUARTERS IT SWUNG THE ENLISTED SOLDIERS AGAINST SHAWAF, INFORMANTS SAID.

HE IS SAID BY ITTIHAD TO HAVE BEEN KILLED BY A YOUNG LIEUTENANT WHILE FLEEING TOWARD THE NORTH.

(REPORTS FROM OUTSIDE IRAQ HAVE SAID SHAWAF WAS WOUNDED SERIOUSLY BY A DIRECT HIT ON A BARRACKS BY A BAGHDAD GOVERNMENT BOMBER. THEY SAID HE WAS KILLED LATER BY COMMUNIST GROUPS IN MOSUL.)

GR/UM711PES

B44 (SEG)

(290)

BY GORDON TAIT

BROADBEACH, AUSTRALIA, MARCH 13 (AP)-RUSSIA TOLD THE OVERPOPULATED COUNTRIES OF ASIA TODAY THAT BIRTH CONTROL IS NOT THE SOLUTION TO THEIR PROBLEM.

PAVEL M. CHERNYSHEV, DEPUTY LEADER OF THE SOVIET DELEGATION TO THE ECONOMIC CONFERENCE FOR ASIA AND THE FAR EAST (ECAFE), SAID THE KEY TO PROGRESS RESTS IN "SPEEDY DEFEAT OF THE ECONOMIC BACKWARDNESS OF THESE COUNTRIES."

DELEGATES REPRESENTING 25 NATIONS VOTED TO HOLD A POPULATION CONFERENCE OF COUNTRIES IN THE ECAFE REGION IN 1961 OR 1962.

DURING A TWO-DAY DEBATE MANY SPEAKERS HAD URGED INCREASED BIRTH CONTROL TO HALT THE SWIFTLY GROWING MILLIONS IN THE REGION.

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY C.V. NARASIMHAN SAID THAT ECAFE'S JOB WAS ONLY TO POINT OUT TRENDS AND MAKE FORECASTS. THE MATTER OF LIMITING POPULATIONS, HE SAID, IS UP TO THE INDIVIDUAL GOVERNMENTS.

CHIEF U.S. DELEGATE CHRISTOPHER H. PHILLIPS SAID THAT THE UNITED STATES IS HAPPY TO SUPPORT THE IDEA OF A POPULATION CONFERENCE. HE SUGGESTED BEST RESULTS WOULD BE ACHIEVED BY WAITING UNTIL VARIOUS

ASIAN NATIONAL CENSUES ARE TAKEN IN 1960-61.

ALONG WITH A GROWING BIRTH RATE, SEVERAL GOVERNMENTS REPORTED THEY FACED ALARMING PROBLEMS IN COPING WITH A FLOOD OF REFUGEES.

HONG KONG AND SOUTH VIET NAME EACH REPORTED RECEIVING UP TO A MILLION REFUGEES SINCE THE WAR--MOST OF THEM RUNNING AWAY FROM COMMUNISM.

THE CONFERENCE'S AUSTRALIAN HOSTS BREATHED A SIGH OF RELIEF AT THE END OF THE DEBATE. NOBODY HAD SUGGESTED THAT AUSTRALIA TAKE IN SOME OF ASIA'S SURPLUS MILLIONS.

THE ISLAND CONTINENT HAS ONLY 10 MILLION PEOPLE AND AN AREA OF 3 MILLION SQUARE MILES, ALTHOUGH MUCH OF IT IS ARID. IT ALSO HAS A "WHITE AUSTRALIA" POLICY WHICH BARS ASIAN IMMIGRANTS. AN ECAFE REPORT HAD SAID "EMIGRATION AS AN OUTLET FOR GROWING NUMBERS IS NOT POSSIBLE FOR ANY OF THE ASIAN COUNTRIES."

HA813AES NM

A45

TOKYO, MARCH 13 (AP)-THE RUSSIANS REPORTEDLY SEIZED TWO JAPANESE FISHING BOATS AND 32 CREWMEN YESTERDAY BETWEEN JAPAN'S NORTHERNMOST ISLAND, HOKKAIDO, AND THE RUSSIAN-HELD KURILE ISLANDS.

THE JAPANESE COAST GUARD SAID RUSSIAN PATROL BOATS ARRESTED THE SENSHO MARU AND KORYO MARU ABOUT 13 MILES OFF SHIKOTAN ISLAND, LARGEST OF THE KURILES.

RUSSIA HAS NOW SEIZED FIVE JAPANESE VESSELS AND 33 FISHERMEN THIS YEAR. LAST YEAR THE SOVIETS CAPTURED 547 JAPANESE AND 79 BOATS BUT LATER RELEASED 527 MEN AND 49 BOATS.

MOSCOW RADIO IN A JAPANESE LANGUAGE BROADCAST YESTERDAY WARNED THAT ANY FISHING BOAT WITHIN 12 MILES OF A SOVIET COASTLINE WOULD BE CAPTURED.

HB412AES

A189WX

PRECEDE MOSCOW (200)

WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-THE RUSSIANS COMPLAINED TODAY THAT U.S. PLANES ARE SHADOWING SOVIET SHIPS ON THE HIGH SEAS BUT A STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESMAN PASSED THE AFFAIR OFF AS NORMAL IDENTIFICATION OF THE VESSELS.

THE SOVIET JOURNAL RUSSIA SAID A U.S. NAVY PLANE BUZZED THE TRAWLER ALEXANDER MOZHASKY FOUR TIMES FEB. 18 OFF JAPAN. A SOVIET SKIPPER WAS QUOTED AS SAYING SUCH FLIGHTS BY AMERICAN PLANES IN THE FAR EAST HAVE BECOME THE RULE.

STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS OFFICER LINCOLN WHITE WAS ASKED ABOUT THE COMPLAINT. HE SAID HE WAS NOT FAMILIAR WITH ANY SPECIFIC INDIDENT AND WAS SPEAKING ONLY IN GENERAL TERMS, BUT HE SAID:

"IN THE WORLD SITUATION AS IT IS TODAY, I WOULD THINK IT A NORMAL PRECAUTION TO IDENTIFY SHIPS THAT DO NOT OTHERWISE IDENTIFY THEMSELVES.

"THE SITUATION IN THE FAR EAST IS NOT NORMAL. IT HAS NOT BEEN NORMAL FOR SOME TIME. IF AMERICAN PLANES IDENTIFY SHIPS IT SEEMS TO ME A PERFECTLY NORMAL THING FOR THEM TO DO."

ASKED WHETHER THE UNITED STATES WOULD HAVE ANY OBJECTION IF THE SOVIET UNION HAD ITS AIRCRAFT BUZZ AMERICAN SHIPS, WHITE SAID HE DID NOT KNOW.

IN RESPONSE TO ANOTHER QUESTION HE EMPHASIZED THAT THE UNITED STATES DOES NOT FOLLOW WHAT THE QUESTIONER CALLED THE "SOVIET PRACTICE" OF SHOOTING DOWN AMERICAN AIRCRAFT WHICH FLY IN SOVIET BORDER AREAS.

THE UNITED STATES HAS SOMETIMES ACCUSED RUSSIA OF ATTACKING AMERICAN PLANES WHILE THEY WERE STILL OVER THE HIGH SEAS A LONG WAY FROM SOVIET BORDERS.

JA136PES

A79

PRECEDE LONDON A58 (200)

MOSCOW, MARCH 13 (AP)-A SOVIET MAGAZINE COMPLAINED TODAY THAT U.S. PLANES ARE SHADOWING RUSSIAN SHIPS ON THE HIGH SEAS.

THE JOURNAL SOVIET RUSSIA CHARGED A U.S. NAVY PLANE BUZZED THE SOVIET TRAWLER ALEXANDER MOZHASKY (CQ) FOUR TIMES ON FEB. 18 OFF JAPAN AND ALMOST HIT ITS MAST.

SOVIET SEAMEN WERE QUOTED AS DENOUNCING WHAT THEY CALLED "BRAZEN PROVOCATIONS" BY AMERICAN AIRMEN.

THE MAGAZINE SAID THAT OTHER AMERICAN PLANES KEPT THE MOZHASKY UNDER DAY AND NIGHT SURVEILLANCE IN THE OPEN SEA OF JAPAN "HUNDREDS OF MILES FROM SHORE."

THE MAGAZINE SAID THE TRAWLER WAS PART OF A GROUP OF SOVIET FISHING FLEETS WHICH AT THE END OF FEBRUARY WERE DETAINED BY PHILIPPINE AUTHORITIES FOR A WEEK AFTER PUTTIING THEM INTO A NORTHEAST LUZON BAY. THE RUSSIANS SAID THEY STOPPED TO REPAIR AN ENGINE BUT PHILIPPINE OFFICIALS SUSPECTED THEM OF SPYING.

THE SOVIET MAGAZINE SAID THE U.S. PLANE THAT REPEATEDLY BUZZED THE ALEXANDER MOZHASKY DIPPED SO LOW THAT THE PILOT'S FACE COULD BE SEEN. A PHOTOGRAPH PUBLISHED SHOWED WHAT APPEARED TO BE A U.S. NAVY NEPTUNE PASSING.

THE PLANE'S NUMBER WAS GIVEN AS "JR135545." (CQ)

B.A. GRISHIN, CAPTAIN OF THE RUSSIAN SHIP BOUND FOR VLADIVOSTOK, COMPLAINED: "SUCH FLIGHTS BY AMERICAN AIRCRAFT OVER SOVIET VESSELS IN THE PACIFIC AND NEIGHBORING SEAS HAVE BECOME THE RULE."

HE CHARGED SUCH FLIGHTS WERE IN VIOLATION OF THE "NORMS OF INTERNATIONAL MARITIME LAWS" AND EXPRESSED HIS "PROFOUND INDIGNATION AT IMPRUDENT PROVOCATIVE ALLIES OF THE U.S. MILITARY," MOSCOW RADIO SAID.

A WEEK AGO THE RUSSIANS PROTESTED THE U.S. NAVY SEARCH OF A SOVIET TRAWLER SUSPECTED OF CUTTING TRANSATLANTIC CABLES OFF NEWFOUNDLAND.

THE UNITED STATES SAID THE SEARCH WAS MADE UNDER PROVISIONS OF AN OLD TREATY ALLOWING INSPECTION OF SHIPS SUSPECTED OF DAMAGING CABLES. ~~THE NOVOROSSIOK WAS ABSOLVED OF BLAME.~~

THE BOARDING PARTY'S REPORT SAID THE NOVOROSSISK'S FISHING GEAR COULD HAVE CUT THE CABLES EITHER ACCIDENTALLY OR INTENTIONALLY.

THE AP

R118PES

A42WX

(500) NIGHT LEAD IKE-BERLIN

BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL REPORT TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE MONDAY NIGHT ON THE WAR DANGERS INVOLVED IN RUSSIA'S CAMPAIGN TO FORCE THE WESTERN ALLIES OUT OF BERLIN.

IN A SPECIAL TELEVISION AND RADIO BROADCAST, EISENHOWER IS EXPECTED TO STRESS THE NATION'S DETERMINATION TO STAND FIRM ALONGSIDE ITS ALLIES IN THE FACE OF SOVIET PRESSURE.

BUT HE ALSO IS REPORTED READY TO MAKE CLEAR HIS READINESS TO EASE TENSION BY NEGOTIATIONS TOWARD SETTLING THE ENTIRE GERMAN ISSUE.

THE WHITE HOUSE ANNOUNCED THAT THE PRESIDENT WOULD SPEAK FOR 30 MINUTES OVER ALL MAJOR NETWORKS, STARTING AT 9:30 P.M. EST.

EISENHOWER'S ADDRESS, TO BE DELIVERED FROM HIS WHITE HOUSE OFFICE, WILL MARK THE FIRST SUCH NATIONWIDE REPORT ON A FOREIGN POLICY CRISIS SINCE LAST SEPT. 9. THAT WAS WHEN HE DISCUSSED RED CHINA'S CAMPAIGN TO FORCE CHINESE NATIONALIST TROOPS OFF QUEMOY ISLAND.

"THE PRESIDENT WILL MAKE A REPORT TO THE AMERICAN PEOPLE ON THE EVOLVING BERLIN SITUATION AND THE GENERAL SECURITY POSITION OF THE UNITED STATES AND ITS ALLIES," WHITE HOUSE PRESS SECRETARY JAMES C. HAGERTY SAID.

HAGERTY REPLIED "NO, SIR," WHEN ASKED WHETHER ANY NEW DEVELOPMENT IN THE BERLIN SITUATION HAD PROMPTED EISENHOWER TO DECIDE TO SPEAK MONDAY NIGHT.

IT WAS BELIEVED EISENHOWER'S DISCUSSION OF THE NATION'S GENERAL SECURITY WOULD BE IN LINE WITH HIS OFT-STATED VIEW THAT U. S. ARMED FORCES ARE POWERFUL ENOUGH TO BEAT OFF ANY SOVIET CHALLENGE. HE HAS BEEN UNDER INCREASING PRESSURE BY CONGRESSIONAL DEMOCRAT TO BOOST DEFENSE SPENDING.

EISENHOWER HINTED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE WEDNESDAY THAT NUCLEAR WEAPONS MIGHT BE USED TO COUNTER ANY SOVIET ATTACK IN EUROPE.

IN A SPECIAL FOREIGN AID MESSAGE TO CONGRESS TODAY, EISENHOWER STRESSED THE SERIOUSNESS OF RUSSIA'S DEMAND THAT WEST BERLIN BE CONVERTED INTO A FREE CITY.

"IN EUROPE TODAY THE SOVIET UNION HAS MADE DEMANDS REGARDING THE FUTURE OF BERLIN WHICH, IF UNMODIFIED, COULD HAVE PERILOUS CONSEQUENCES," THE PRESIDENT SAID.

HE DESCRIBED WEST BERLIN AS A SOLITARY OUTPOST OF FREEDOM BACK OF THE IRON CURTAIN. FIRM ALLIED SUPPORT FOR THE WEST BERLINERS IS NEEDED TO MEET RUSSIA'S THREAT, HE SAID.

EISENHOWER'S DECISION TO EXPLAIN THE BERLIN CRISIS TO THE PEOPLE CAME ONLY TWO DAYS AFTER HE TOLD A NEWS CONFERENCE:

"I PERSONALLY THINK THAT THE AMERICAN PUBLIC IS MORE SOBERLY AWARE OF THE TRUE SITUATION THAN A LOT OF PEOPLE AROUND THIS TOWN. . .

"CERTAINLY I THINK THERE HAS BEEN ENOUGH IN THE PAPERS, ENOUGH IN PUBLIC STATEMENTS FOR THE WHOLE FREE WORLD, TO SAY NOTHING JUST OF THE AMERICAN POPULATION, TO KNOW THAT IT IS SERIOUS."

EISENHOWER APPARENTLY WAS PERSUADED TO GIVE HIS SPEECH BY ADVISERS WHO FELT SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV HAD SUCCEEDED IN MUDDYING THE ISSUES BY A FLURRY OF SPEECHES DURING HIS VISIT TO EAST GERMANY. KHRUSHCHEV MADE A DOZEN SPEECHES AND MAJOR COMMENTS DURING AN EIGHT-DAY TRIP WHICH ENDED YESTERDAY.

THE PRESIDENT WAS URGED TO SPELL OUT IN SIMPLE LANGUAGE THE STAKES INVOLVED, WITH PARTICULAR EMPHASIS ON THE U. S. VIEW THAT RUSSIA PRECIPITATED THE CRISIS BY DEMANDING WEST BERLIN BE TURNED INTO A FREE CITY BY MAY 27.

SUCH A RESTATEMENT OF THE ISSUES, IT WAS FELT, WOULD ALSO HELP SET THE STAGE FOR EISENHOWER'S STRATEGY TALKS WITH BRITAIN'S PRIME MINISTER HAROLD MACMILLAN BEGINNING FRIDAY.

ONE OF THE PRESIDENT'S MAJOR GOALS IN MAKING HIS RADIO-TV TALK WILL BE TO REAFFIRM U. S. READINESS TO NEGOTIATE WITH THE SOVIETS, FIRST AT A FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING AND LATER AT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE IF LOWER LEVEL TALKS MAKE PROGRESS.

THE WILLINGNESS TO TALK, IT WAS SAID, WOULD BE STRESSED, PARTLY TO OFFSET EISENHOWER'S TOUGH TALK EARLIER THIS WEEK ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF A NUCLEAR WAR.

ER512PES

1959

A16WX (700)

AMS BUDGET

NIGHT LEAD FOREIGN AID

BY ED CREAGH

WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER TOLD CONGRESS TODAY THE ALMOST FOUR BILLION DOLLARS HE WANTS FOR FOREIGN AID WOULD BE MONEY WELL SPENT.

THE PRESIDENT SAID IN A SPECIAL MESSAGE THAT THIS WOULD BUY FAR MORE SECURITY THAN COULD COME FROM STEPPED-UP SPENDING FOR THIS COUNTRY'S OWN ARMED FORCES. SOME CAPITOL HILL DEMOCRATS, WHO FAVOR A HIGHER DEFENSE BUDGET THAN THE PRESIDENT ASKED, QUICKLY VOICED DOUBT.

EISENHOWER ASKED $3,929,995,000 FOR THE MUTUAL SECURITY PROGRAM IN THE YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1 AND SAID IT ALL IS NEEDED TO MEET "THE ENORMOUS AND GROWING COMMUNIST POTENTIAL TO LAUNCH A WAR OF NUCLEAR DESTRUCTION"--IN THE BERLIN CRISIS. FOR EXAMPLE,

"DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR," THE PRESIDENT SAID, "OUR EXPENDITURES FOR THE MUTUAL SECURITY PROGRAM, AFTER WE HAVE ONCE ACHIEVED A REASONABLE MILITARY POSTURE FOR OURSELVES, WILL BUY MORE SECURITY THAN FAR GREATER EXPENDITURES FOR OUR OWN FORCES."

SEN. MIKE MANSFIELD (D-MONT), ONE OF THE FIRST LAWMAKERS TO COMMENT ON EISENHOWER'S PROPOSALS, SAID CONGRESS MAY CUT THE RECOMMENDED SUM TO AROUND THREE BILLION DOLLARS.

MANSFIELD, ASSISTANT DEMOCRATIC LEADER OF THE SENATE AND A FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE MEMBER, ALSO TOLD A REPORTER:

"THE FACT THAT THE PRESIDENT PROPOSES 62 PER CENT OF THE NEW PROGRAM BE DEVOTED TO MILITARY ASSISTANCE AND DEFENSE SUPPORTS INDICATES THAT THE WHOLE PATTERN OF OVEREMPHASIS IN THIS FIELD IS BEING CONTINUKED."

CHAIRMAN J. WILLIAM FULBRIGHT (D-ARK) OF THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE SAID HE WOULD SUPPORT THE MAIN PROVISIONS OF THE PROGRAM ASKED BY EISENHOWER, BUT MIGHT TRY TO LIMIT THE SUMS TO BE SPENT FOR MILITARY AID.

"THE COMMITTEE," HE SAID, "WILL NEED TO ENGAGE IN CONSIDERABLE SURGERY IF THE BILL IS FULLY TO SERVE THE NATIONAL INTEREST."

FULBRIGHT REGULARLY DEPLORES WHAT HE CALLS OVER-EMPHASIS ON MILITARY AID AS CONTRASTED TO ECONOMIC AID.

CHAIRMAN THOMAS E. MORAN (D-PA) OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE SAID EISENHOWER HAD MADE AN ABLE STATEMENT OF THE CASE. MORGAN ALSO SAID HE WOULD DO HIS BEST TO CUT OUT ANY WASTE HE FINDS IN THE PROPOSED PROGRAM.

REP. OTTO PASSMAN (D-LA), CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE WHICH HANDLES FOREIGN AID, RESTATED HIS GENERAL OBJECTIONS. HE SAID THERE HAS BEEN "FANTASTIC, DISGRACEFUL WASTE AND PROFITEERING IN MANY CATEGORIES."

SEN. JOHN SPARKMAN (D-ALA), ANOTHER FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE MEMBER SAID HE WANTED TO GO OVER THE WHOLE PROGRAM TO SEE IF CUTS CAN BE MADE "HERE AND THERE." "I DON'T FAVOR MEAT AX CUTE," SPARKMAN ADDED.

A REPUBLICAN MEMBER OF THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SEN. HOMER E. CAPEHART (R-IND), TOOK A SOMEWHAT SIMILAR VIEW.

CAPEHART SAID NO CUTS SHOULD BE MADE "THAT ARE NOT JUSTIFIED BY EVENTS," AND HE ADDED: "AT THE SAME TIME I FEEL WE OUGHT TO TAKE A CAREFUL LOOK AT EACH ITEM AND MAKE REDUCTIONS WHERE THEY CAN BE MADE WITHOUT JEOPARDIZING OUR SECURITY."

EISENHOWER, WHO REPEATEDLY HAS CAUTIONED AGAINST TOO MUCH DEFENSE SPENDING, USED VIVID LANGUAGE IN HAMMERING HIS POINT THAT PRUDENT FOREIGN AID IS A HIGHLY PROFITABLE U. S. INVESTMENT.

"WE COULD," HE SAID, "BE THE WEALTHIEST AND THE MOST MIGHTY NATION AND STILL LOSE THE BATTLE OF THE WORLD IF WE DO NOT HELP OUR WORLD NEIGHBORS PROTECT THEIR FREEDOM AND ADVANCE THEIR SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC PROGRESS.

"IT IS NOT THE GOAL OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE THAT THE UNITED STATES SHOULD BE THE RICHEST NATION IN THE GRAVEYARD OF HISTORY."

SPECIFICALLY, EISENHOWER ASKED:

$1,600,000,000 FOR SENDING U. S. ALLIES MILITARY SUPPLIES AND TRAINING AID--"A MINIMUM FIGURE," HE SAID, "NECESSARY TO PREVENT SERIOUS DETERIORATION OF OUR COLLECTIVE DEFENSE SYSTEM."

835 MILLION DOLLARS FOR DEFENSE SUPPORT--THAT IS, HELP IN MAINTAINING ALLIES' DEFENSE ESTABLISHMENTS. MORE THAN TWO-THIRDS OF THIS WOULD GO TO TURKEY, VIET NAM, FORMOSA AND KOREA.

272 MILLIONS FOR SPECIAL ASSISTANCE FUNDS IN SUCH FIELDS AS HEALTH AND EDUCATION.

211 MILLIONS FOR TECHNICAL COOPERATION.

700 MILLIONS FOR THE DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND.

200 MILLIONS FOR MEETING EMERGENCIES WHICH MIGHT ARISE IN THE MIDDLE EAST AND ELSEWHERE.

112 MILLIONS FOR SUCH PURPOSES AS THE UNITED NATIONS CHILDREN'S FUND AND THE U. S.-SPONSORED ATOMS-FOR-PEACE PROGRAM.

"THE TOTAL AMOUNT," EISENHOWER SAID, "IS WELL UNDER 1 PER CENT OF THE GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT OUR COUNTRY WILL ENJOY IN THE COMING YEAR. IT IS APPROXIMATELY 3 PER CENT OF OUR NATIONAL BUDGET.

"THE GREATER PART WILL GO FOR MILITARY EQUIPMENT TO OUR ALLIES AND FOR ECONOMIC SUPPORT DIRECTLY RELATED TO DEFENSE. THE REMAINDER, FOR AID TO THE ECONOMIC GROWTH WE ARE MOST ANXIOUS TO PROMOTE AMOUNTS TO LESS THAN 2 PER CENT OF OUR NATIONAL BUDGET, UNDER ONE-THIRD OF 1 PER CENT OF OUR NATIONAL PRODUCTION.

"AT THE END OF THE PRESENT FISCAL YEAR THE MILITARY ASSISTANCE PIPELINE WILL BE AT THE LOWEST LEVEL IN ITS HISTORY AND WILL BE FURTHER REDUCED BY NEXT YEAR'S EXPENDITURE WHICH WILL SUBSTANTIALLY EXCEED THE NEW APPROPRIATION I AM NOW ASKING.

"THE ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PIPELINE WILL, AS IN RECENT YEARS, BE BARELY ENOUGH TO KEEP THE PROGRAM FLOWING WITHOUT SERIOUS INTERRUPTION."

SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH) INDICATED HE WILL SUPPORT MOST OF THE MONEY REQUEST BUT IS "DISAPPOINTED THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER DOES NOT SHOW THE SAME KEEN INTEREST IN DEFENSE MATTERS THAT HE DOES IN FOREIGN AID."

"IT'S A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY THAT THE PRESIDENT SHOWS DEFINITELY LESS EMPHASIS ON OUR OWN DEFENSE FUNDS," JACKSON SAID.

SEN. ALEXANDER WILEY (R-WIS), A FORMER CHAIRMAN OF THE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, SAID THE REQUEST BRINGS UP "AN ISSUE THAT MUST BE MET HEAD ON."

WILEY SAID MANY MEMBERS OF CONGRESS FORGET, AS HE PUT IT, "THAT EVERY DOLLAR OF FOREIGN AID IS A GOOD INVESTMENT AND MUCH OF IT ACTUALLY SAVES US MONEY."

SEN. JOHN F. KENNEDY (D-MASS) SAID EISENHOWER'S MESSAGE "FALLS FAR SHORT OF THE HOPES WHICH IT AROUSES." HE ADDED:

"THIS IS A STANDSTILL PROGRAM OF FOREIGN ASSISTANCE AT A TIME WHEN THE FUTURE OF INDIA AND OTHER DEVELOPING NATIONS STANDS IN PERIL. THIS MESSAGE CONTAINS NO NEW INITIATIVES AND NO FRESH RESPONSES TO THE URGEN DEVELOPMENTS WHICH HAVE TAKEN PLACE IN THE UNDER-DEVELOPED WORLD.

"I REGRET ESPECIALLY THAT THE PRESIDENT HAS NOT FULFILLED THE EXPECTATIONS WHICH HE RAISED BY RECOMMENDING A DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND OF EITHER GREATER SCALE OR CONTINUITY."

REP. WAYNE HAYS (D-OHIO), A SENIOR MEMBER OF THE HOUSE FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE, CRITICIZED THE MESSAGE AND SAID THAT WHILE HE SUPPORTED FOREIGN AID IN THE PAST, HE WILL NOT THIS YEAR UNLESS EISENHOWER SHOWS MORE JUSTIFICATION FOR IT.

"THE PRESIDENT THROWS IN THE BERLIN CRISIS ON THE FIRST PAGE (OF THE MESSAGE)," HAYS SAID. "ACTUALLY, THERE ISN'T A NICKEL IN THIS BILL FOR GERMANY OR BERLIN OR ANYTHING THAT WILL HAVE ANYTHING TO DO WITH BERLIN."

HAYS SAID THE AID IS DIRECTED TO ALMOST EVERYWHERE ELSE IN THE WORLD AND "WHAT HASN'T BEEN BOONDOGGLED AWAY HAS BEEN GIVEN AWAY TO DICTATORS WHO HAVE EITHER BEEN OVERTHROWN OR ARE IN THE PROCESS OF BEING OVERTHROWN."

WE737PES

A62WA
95

DEFENSE BERLIN

BY EDWIN B. HAAKINSON

WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR TOLD SENATORS THIS COUNTRY SHOULD DETERMINE "TO GO TO WAR IF NECESSARY FOR BERLIN," IT WAS DISCLOSED TODAY.

"THE EFFECT OF SUCH AN ATTITUDE WOULD DETER THE SOVIETS FROM HAVING A FINAL SHOWDOWN AT THIS TIME," TAYLOR, ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, SAID IN A HEAVILY CENSORED TRANSCRIPT OF TOP SECRET TESTIMONY.

TAYLOR TESTIFIED BEHIND CLOSED DOORS AT A SESSION OF THE SENATE

30.24- 6415

WATCHDOG PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE WEDNESDAY. THE FIRST PART OF HIS TESTIMONY WAS MADE AVAILABLE TO NEWSMEN BY SEN. LYNDON B. JOHNSON (D-TEX), CHAIRMAN OF THE GROUP.

IN IT, TAYLOR SAID THAT MANY TOP MILITARY LEADERS NOW REGARD THE 1948-49 BERLIN AIRLIFT AS A MISTAKE. THE GENERAL SAID FORCE SHOULD HAVE BEEN TRIED WHEN THE RUSSIANS BLOCKED HIGHWAYS AND OTHER GROUND ROUTES INTO BERLIN.

HE CONCLUDED THE SOVIETS COULD OVERRUN BERLIN AND PROBABLY WEST GERMANY, NOW IF THEY DECIDED ON A SURPRISE ATTACK IN FULL FORCE.

TAYLOR SAID THE ARMY WAS READY TO USE NUCLEAR WEAPONS--IF IT IS TO THE WEST'S ADVANTAGE--AT ANY TIME AND IF THE PRESIDENT APPROVES.

AND HE TOLD SENATORS UNDER QUESTIONING THAT THE ARMY IS READY TO FIGHT NOW OR AT ANY TIME IN A LIMITED WAR, PROVIDED AIR AND SEA LIFTS ARE AVAILABLE FROM THE AIR FORCE AND NAVY.

TAYLOR, WHO WAS ARMY COMMANDER IN BERLIN IN 1949-50, JUST AFTER THE COSTLY AIRLIFT, SAID HE HAD BEEN EXPECTING FOR YEARS THAT RUSSIA WOULD TURN OVER CONTROL OF BERLIN TO THE COMMUNIST EAST GERMANS.

HE SAID THE BIG PROBLEM WAS "MAINTAINING COMMUNICATIONS, MAINTAINING THE FREEDOM OF 2 1/2 MILLION WEST BERLINERS FOR WHOM WE ARE RESPONSIBLE AND FOR WHOSE LIFE, SAFETY AND FORTUNES WE HAVE PLEDGED OUR HONOR."

BECAUSE OF ITS LOCATION 100 MILES INSIDE THE IRON CURTAIN AND SURROUNDED BY POWERFUL COMMUNIST FORCES, TAYLOR SAID "BERLIN ALWAYS HAS BEEN UNTENABLE AS A MILITARY POSITION."

"WE HAVE THUS FAR PROTECTED BERLIN BY THE EVIDENT RESOLUTION THAT WE WOULD NOT ACCEPT INTERFERENCE WITH OUR RIGHTS WITHOUT A VERY VIOLENT REACTION ON OUR PART," HE SAID.

THAT WAS DONE WITH THE AIRLIFT FROM JUNE 1948 TO MAY, 1949, TAYLOR SAID, ADDING THAT MANY LEADERS INCLUDING GEN. LUCIUS CLAY "FELT THAT WE SHOULD NEVER HAVE ADOPTED THE AIRLIFT AT THE OUTSET, BUT SHOULD USE FORCE ON THE HIGHWAY, AT LEAST TO VERIFY WHAT THE RUSSIAN INTENT WAS."

CLAY, WHO RETIRED IN 1949, WAS COMMANDER IN BERLIN AT THE TIME.

"INSTEAD WE YIELDED TO A CHALLENGE WHICH MAY WELL HAVE BEEN A BLUFF," TAYLOR CONTINUED. "WE WILL NEVER KNOW TO WHAT EXTENT THE U.S.S.R. WOULD HAVE GONE TO MAINTAIN THE GROUND BLOCKADE BY FORCE."

TAYLOR SAID HE WAS SPEAKING FROM THE MILITARY VIEWPOINT AND BERLIN WAS "ESSENTIALLY A POLITICAL QUESTION."

FROM THE MILITARY SIDE, TAYLOR SAID THE WEST NOW FACES "THE POSSIBLI USE OF INDETERMINATE FORCE ON THE PART OF THE EAST GERMANS AFTER MAY 27TH TO PREVENT OUR FREE ACCESS TO BERLIN."

"WE SHOULD NOT ALLOW A BLUFF TO FORCE US INTO A SELF-IMPOSED BLOCKADE OR ANYTHING RESEMBLING THAT KIND OF PASSIVE REACTION," TAYLOR SAID.

"WOULD WE GO AS FAR AS A GENERAL WAR?" TAYLOR ASKED AND THEN REPLIED:

"IN MY MIND, THE ANSWER IS CLEAR AS CRYSTAL: NAMELY, THAT WE MUST BE WILLING NOW TO MAKE UP OUR MINDS THAT WE WILL USE ALL THE FORCE NECESSARY TO SECURE THE LIVES AND SAFETY OF 2 1/2 MILLION GERMANS TO WHOM WE ARE COMMITTED INALTERABLY IN LANGUAGE THAT CANNOT BE COMPROMISED."

SEN. JOHNSON LATER NOTED THAT TAYLOR HAD SAID BERLIN IS NOT TENABLE FROM A MILITARY STANDPOINT AND ASKED "WHAT ALTERNATIVE DO WE HAVE IF THE COMMUNISTS ARE DETERMINED TO USE FORCE?"

"IN MY JUDGMENT, THE CLEAR EVIDENCE OF NATIONAL DETERMINATION," TAYLOR REPLIED "TO GO TO WAR IF NECESSARY FOR BERLIN" (SIC). HE

ADDED THAT THIS WOULD DETER "A FINAL SHOWDOWN AT THIS TIME."
"THAT IS THE ALTERNATIVE, ALL-OUT WAR?" JOHNSON PRESSED.
"WE MUST BE WILLING TO GO ALL THE WAY DOWN THE ROAD, SENATOR," TAYLOR REPLIED. "WE CAN'T TURN BACK AT ANY POINT."
TAYLOR WAS ASKED IF THIS HAD BEEN DISCUSSED WITHIN THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF, WHICH ALSO INCLUDES CAREER MILITARY HEADS OF THE NAVY, AIR FORCE AND MARINES.
PART OF TAYLOR'S ANSWER WAS DELETED BUT HE SAID THE JOINT CHIEFS "TALKED IN ABOUT THE SAME KIND OF LANGUAGE WHICH I HAVE BEEN USING WITH YOU . . . WE WERE GENERALLY AGREED AMONG OURSELVES TO ESSENTIALLY WHAT I HAVE DESCRIBED TO YOU."
JOHNSON ASKED IF THIS COUNTRY HAD "CLEAR CUT PLANS TO MEET THE BERLI CRISIS IN ANY EVENTUALITY THAT MAY CONFRONT US."
"THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF DO, SIR," TAYLOR REPLIED.
HE WAS ASKED IF THERE WAS SUFFICIENT STRENGTH TO CARRY OUT THOSE PLANS.
"I WOULD SAY THAT WE DID," TAYLOR REPLIED. HE SAID HE WAS COUNTING FORCES IN EUROPE AND THE UNITED STATES.
IF WAR COMES, TAYLOR SAID THAT INITIALLY ONLY U.S., FRENCH AND BRITISH FORCES PROBABLY WOULD BE INVOLVED BECAUSE THEY ARE PARTIES TO THE AGREEMENT WITH THE SOVIET ON GERMANY.
SEN. JOHN STENNIS (D-MISS) ASKED ABOUT USE OF WEST GERMAN TROOPS, SAYING AMERICANS MIGHT NOT WANT TO TAKE PART IF THE GERMANS DID NOT DEFEND THEIR OWN HOMELAND.
MOST OF TAYLOR'S REPLIES WERE CENSORED OUT AS HE EXPLAINED THIS INVOLVED A POLITICAL QUESTION.
TAYLOR REPEATEDLY SAID THE ARMY WAS READY TO MOVE AT ONCE IF WAR COMES ALTHOUGH IT MIGHT TAKE THREE OR FOUR MONTHS TO PUT LARGE FORCES AND SUPPLIES IN EUROPE OR ELSEWHERE.
HE SAID FIVE OF THE BEST TRAINED AND COMBAT-READY ARMY DIVISIONS NOW ARE IN EUROPE AND THAT NATO ALLIES HAVE AN ADDITIONAL 20 DIVISIONS. HE SAID THERE ARE ABOUT 6 DIVISIONS OF EAST GERMANS AND SOME 20 RUSSIAN DIVISIONS IN EAST GERMANY.
HE SAID REPLACEMENTS AND SHORTAGES IN EUROPE COULD BE MADE UP FROM THE STRATEGIC ARMY CORPS IN THIS COUNTRY.
TAYLOR REPEATED HIS PUBLIC STATEMENT THAT FOR TWO YEARS HE HAD URGED A MINIMUM ARMY OF 925,000 COMPARED WITH THE 870,000 CEILING ASKED BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.
HE REJECTED A SUGGESTION BY SEN. HENRY JACKSON (D-WASH) THAT RESERVE AND NATIONAL GUARD FORCES MIGHT BE MOBILIZED IMMEDIATELY TO BUILD UP FORCES BEFORE THE BERLIN DEADLINE IN MAY. INSTEAD HE SAID PLANS FOR SUCH MOBILIZATION COULD BE MADE.
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A3WX
DEFENSE-SENATE (360)
WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-SEN. LYNDON B. JOHNSON (D-TEX) SAID TODAY THAT SECRET TESTIMONY BY TOP MILITARY LEADERS INDICATES THIS COUNTRY "HAS ADEQUATE PLANS AND STRENGTH TO SUPPORT AND EXECUTE THE FOREIGN POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES."
THE SENATE LEADER DID NOT MENTION THE BERLIN CRISIS AS SUCH BUT STRESSED THAT HE WAS SPEAKING OF THE PRESENT.
"BUT NOW AND ON DOWN THE ROAD ARE TWO DIFFERENT THINGS," HE SAID.
JOHNSON'S COMMENTS CAME AS HE LEFT A CLOSED-DOOR SESSION OF THE SENATE PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE AT WHICH ADM. ARLEIGH A. BURKE, CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, HAD BEEN QUESTIONED FOR TWO AND A HALF HOURS.
EARLIER THIS WEEK THE WATCHDOG DEFENSE GROUP HAD QUESTIONED ARMY AND AIR FORCE LEADERS ABOUT DETAILS OF THEIR REQUESTS IN RELATION TO THE NEW EISENHOWER DEFENSE BUDGET.
JOHNSON SAID EACH OF THE CAREER MILITARY LEADERS MADE IT CLEAR THAT SOME THINGS THEY ASKED HAD NOT BEEN GRANTED.
HE SAID HIS GROUP IS SEEKING TO LEARN IF THERE ARE "ADEQUATE PLANS, PROGRAMS AND STRENGTH TO SUPPORT THE NATION'S FOREIGN POLICY." HE HAS EMPHASIZED THROUGHOUT THAT THE INQUIRY IS DIRECTED AT THE FUTURE AS WELL AS THE CURRENT SITUATION.
JOHNSON SAID THAT THIS WILL BE A SUBJECT OF MAJOR DEBATE IN THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS THIS SESSION AND THERE MAY BE SOME INCREASES.
HE NOTED THAT MOST LARGE INCREASES BY CONGRESS LAST YEAR HAD BEEN IMPOUNDED WITH SOME OF THE FUNDS RELEASED ONLY RECENTLY.
EARLIER SEN. HENRY M. JACKSON (D-WASH), A MEMBER OF THE PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEE, SAID BOTH ADM. BURKE AND GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR, ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF, HAS TESTIFIED THEY COULD USE MORE FUNDS.
JACKSON SAID IT PROBABLY WOULD TAKE 250 TO 300 MILLION DOLLARS ADDITIONAL TO INCREASE THE ARMY TO 925,000, THE FIGURE TAYLOR WANTS. THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION AIM IS A CUT TO 870,000 BY JULY.
HE SAID THAT ADM. BURKE WANTS MORE NAVY FUNDS FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AND ANTISUBMARINE WARFARE UNIT.
JACKSON SAID U. S. EXPERTS "KNOW LESS ABOUT WHAT IS UNDER THE SEAS AND OCEANS THAN WE DO ABOUT WHAT IS IN OUTER SPACE."
HE SAID THE RUSSIANS, WITH A VASTLY LARGER FLEET OF SUBMARINES, HAVE BEEN BUSY FOR 20 YEARS CHARTING AND STUDYING THE VAST UNDER-OCEAN WATERS OF THE WORLD.
JACKSON HAS BEEN PUSHING FOR MORE FUNDS FOR OCEANOGRAPHIC STUDIES AND ADDITIONAL NUCLEAR-POWERED POLARIS BALLISTIC MISSILES SUBMARINES.
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A53WX
(320) NIGHT LEAD MILITARY CHIEFS
BY C. YATES MCDANIEL
WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-THE ADMINISTRATION MAY MAKE ONLY ONE CHANGE IN THE MILITARY HIGH COMMAND THIS SUMMER WHEN TERMS OF THREE MEMBERS OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF EXPIRE.
SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL H. MCELROY HAS PROMISED AN EARLY ANNOUNCEMENT OF ANY CHANGES, BUT UNOFFICIAL WORD WAS PASSED TODAY THAT THE NEXT ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF WILL BE GEN. LYMAN L. LEMNITZER. NOW VICE CHIEF, LEMNITZER IS A LONGTIME ASSOCIATE OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.
EARLY THIS WEEK THE ARMY SAID GEN. MAXWELL D. TAYLOR, WHO WILL COMPLETE FOUR YEARS AS ITS CHIEF OF STAFF ON JUNE 30, HAS RESOLVED TO RETIRE.
THE CHIEF OF NAVAL OPERATIONS, ADM. ARLEIGH BURKE, WILL COMPLETE HIS SECOND TWO-YEAR TERM ON AUG. 17. THE NAVY SO FAR HAS MENTIONED NO CANDIDATE TO SUCCEED HIM.
THE AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF, GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE, WILL COMPLETE THIS FIRST TWO-YEAR TERM ON JULY 1 AND THERE HAS BEEN NO SUGGESTION THAT HE WILL BE REPLACED.
GEN. NATHAN F. TWINING, AN AIR FORCE OFFICER, ALSO WILL COMPLETE TWO YEARS AS CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS THIS SUMMER.
HE WILL BE 62 IN OCTOBER, BUT THERE IS NOTHING IN LAW TO PREVENT HIM FROM REMAINING AS CHAIRMAN FOR ANOTHER TWO YEARS. TWINING'S TWO PREDECESSORS BOTH HELD OFFICE FOR FOUR YEARS.
IF THE ADMINISTRATION PROMOTES LEMNITZER TO ARMY CHIEF OF STAFF IT WILL BE FLYING IN THE FACE OF A MODERN TRADITION. THE NO. 2 MAN IN THE ARMY RARELY IF EVER GETS THE NO. 1 SPOT.
IF LEMNITZER GETS THE TOP ARMY POST THIS SUMMER HE WILL BE BREAKING ANOTHER POST WORLD WAR II ARMY PATTERN. LEMNITZER WILL BE 60 IN AUGUST. THE ARMY, MORE THAN ANY OTHER SERVICE, HAS BEEN ADAMANT IN RETIRING OFFICERS WHEN THEY REACH THAT AGE.
LEMNITZER CAME TO EISENHOWER'S ATTENTION DURING THE EARLY MONTHS OF WORLD WAR II. WHEN EISENHOWER WAS CALLED TO WASHINGTON AS A PLANNING EXPERT, HE FOUND LEMNITZER IN THE WAR PLANS DIVISION AND KNEW HIM WHEN LEMNITZER MOVED UP AS ASSISTANT TO THE OPERATIONS AND TRAINING CHIEF OF ARMY HEADQUARTERS.

LEMNITZER AGAIN WAS WITH EISENHOWER IN 1942 IN ENGLAND, WHEN LEMNITZER WAS ASSISTANT CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE NEWLY FORMED ALLIED FORCES HEADQUARTERS THERE.

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MISSILE BASES

WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-THE AIR FORCE PICKED THREE MORE INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILE LAUNCHING SITES TODAY, BRINGING TO 10 THE TOTAL SO FAR DESIGNATED.

THE THREE NEW BASES WILL BE AT ELLSWORTH AIR FORCE BASE, NEAR RAPID CITY, S.D., AND MOUNTAIN HOME AIR FORCE BASE, IDAHO, BOTH FOR FIRING TITAN ICBMS, AND AT SCHILLING AIR FORCE BASE, KAN., FOR ATLAS LAUNCHINGS.

THE OTHER DESIGNATED BASES ARE WARREN, IN WYOMING, VANDENBERG IN CALIFORNIA, FORBES IN KANSAS, OFFUTT, AND LINCOLN IN NEBRASKA AND FAIRCHILD IN WASHINGTON, ALL ATLAS AND LOWRY IN COLORADO A TITAN BASE.

THE AIR FORCE SAID THAT WARREN BASE IN WYOMING WILL BE GIVEN MORE MISSILE SITES THAN ORIGINALLY PLANNED.

ALL LAUNCHING BASES FOR THE TITAN ICBM WILL BE "HARD" SITES, WITH THE MISSILES FIRED FROM WELL-LIKE HOLES IN THE GROUND. THIS PROVIDES PROTECTION FOR THE WEAPONS IN THE EVENT OF ENEMY MISSILES OR AIR ATTACK.

THE AIR FORCE HAS SAID THAT THE FIRST OF THE ATLAS ICBMS ARE DESIGNED FOR LAUNCHING ONLY FROM GROUND LEVEL SITES, BUT THAT EVENTUALLY THE ATLAS WEAPONS AS WELL AS THE TITAN WOULD BE HARD SITE MISSILES.

THE ATLAS IS DESIGNED FOR RANGE OF ABOUT 5,500 MILES. THE TITAN MISSILE, WHILE SLIGHTLY SMALLER IN SIZE, IS REPORTED TO BE INTENDED FOR LONGER RANGE, PROBABLY IN THE VICINITY OF 9.000 MILES.

SENS. HENRY C. DWORSHAK (R-IDAHO) AND KARL E. MUNDT (R-SD) SAID THEY WERE ADVISED CONSTRUCTION OF THE BASES IN IDAHO AND SOUTH DAKOTA WOULD COST ABOUT 45 MILLION DOLLARS EACH.

FUNDS FOR THE NEW FACILITIES WILL BE REQUESTED FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1.

AT SCHILLING EIGHT TO TEN MISSILE SITES WILL BE LOCATED IN THE AREA AND SOME 750 MEN WILL BE REQUIRED TO MAN THEM.

IN ADDITION, THE AIR FORCE SAID REVAMPED PLANS FOR ATLAS MISSILE SITES AROUND FORBES AIR FORCE BASE AT TOPEKA, KAN., WILL CALL FOR ESTABLISHMENT OF EIGHT TO TEN SITES INSTEAD OF THREE AS PREVIOUSLY PLANNED.

NO OTHER DETAILS ON THE FACILITIES WERE RELEASED.

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(320) SECRECY

WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-ROBERT F. KELLER, GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE, ACCUSED FOREIGN AID OFFICIALS TODAY OF THWARTING CONGRESS "BY A SYSTEMATIC WITHHOLDING OF INFORMATION" FROM HIS AGENCY.

KELLER TOLD A SENATE JUDICIARY SUBCOMMITTEE THE AIR FORCE AND THE NAVY ALSO THROW ABOUT THEIR OPERATIONS A MASK OF SECRECY THAT COULD CONCEAL WRONGDOING AND IS IN VIOLATION OF THE LAW.

THE GAO WAS SET UP TO SERVE AS A WATCHDOG FOR CONGRESS OVER OPERATIONS OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT, TO SEARCH OUT AND EXPOSE ANY GRAFT, WASTE, INEFFICIENCIES OR OTHER EVEILS.

KELLER SAID THE GAO CURRENTLY IS HAVING NO TROUBLE GETTING INFORMATION FROM THE ARMY.

KELLER OFFERED NO SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS FOR STEPS TO BREAK DOWN THE SECRECY BARRIERS.

ANOTHER WITNESS, JOSEPH W. BISHOP JR., LAW PROFESSOR AT YALE UNIVERSITY AND A FORMER ASSOCIATE GENERAL COUNSEL TO THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT, SAID HE OPPOSES UNNECESSARY SECRECY IN SUCH MATTERS BUT

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KNOWS OF NO CLEAR CUT ANSWER TO THE PROBLEM.

"THERE ARE, AND PROBABLY ALWAYS WILL BE, SOME BUREAUCRATS WHO WILL TRY TO COVER UP STUPIDITY OR WORSE. . . IN THE NAME OF THE PUBLIC INTEREST," BISHOP SAID.

KELLER ASSAILED THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT'S DIRECTIVE TO THE ARMED SERVICES THAT "REPORTS OF THE INSPECTORS GENERAL AND CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION ORGANIZATIONS (OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES) SHALL NOT BE FURNISHED EXCEPT UPON APPROVAL OF THE APPROPRIATE DEPARTMENTAL SECRETARY," TO OUTSIDERS.

HE SAID HE HAS BEEN UNABLE TO GET SUCH REPORTS ABOUT THE AIR FORCE BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAM, THE NAVY'S MILITARY SEA TRANSPORTATION SERVICE, AND SOME OTHER OPERATIONS HE BELIEVES SHOULD GET A GAO SCRUTINY. HE SAID SUMMARIES OFFERED AS A SUBSTITUTE ARE INADEQUATE.

AT ISSUE IS THE OLD CONTROVERSY AS TO HOW FAR CONGRESS MAY PRY INTO AFFAIRS OF EXECUTIVE AGENCIES UNDER THE CONSTITUTIONAL SEPARATION OF THE BRANCHES OF GOVERNMENT.

CHARLES SLAYMAN, THE SUBCOMMITTEE COUNSEL, ANNOUNCED TOP OFFICIALS OF THE AGENCIES KELLER CRITICIZED WILL BE CALLED TO TESTIFY LATER.

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(180) U.S.-SOVIET TRADE

WASHINGTON, MARCH 13 (AP)-THE STATE DEPARTMENT INDICATTED TODAY IT WITHHELD APPROVAL FROM A COMMERCE DEPARTMENT DENIAL OF AN EXPORT LICENSE FOR SALE OF STEEL PIPE TO THE SOVIET UNION.

SECRETARY OF COMMERCE LEWIS L. STRAUSS ANNOUNCED TWO DAYS AGO REJECTION FOR THE THIRD TIME OF AN APPLICATION TO EXPORT 12,227 TONS OF PIPE TO RUSSIA.

STATE DEPARTMENT PRESS CHIEF LINCOLN WHITE WAS ASKED AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE WHETHER THE STATE DEPARTMENT APPROVED THIS ACTION.

"THE DECISION HAS BEEN TAKEN AND WE DID NOT OBJECT," WHITE REPLIED.

HE WOULD NEITHER DENY NOR CONFIRM PUBLISHED REPORTS (NEW YORK TIMES) THAT THE STATE DEPARTMENT ADVISED THE COMMERCE DEPARTMENT THAT NO USEFUL PURPOSE WOULD BE SERVED IN DENYING THE LICENSE. OFFICIALS HAD REPORTED A PREVIOUS DENIAL WAS ISSUED WITHOUT CONSULTING THE STATE DEPARTMENT.

SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN DURING HIS U.S. VISIT LAST JANUARY, MADE AN ISSUE OF RUSSIA'S DESIRE TO BUY U.S. PIPE. RUSSIA HAS BEEN PURCHASING 24-INCH PIPE IN WEST GERMANY.

THE REJECTED APPLICATION SOUGHT A LICENSE TO EXPORT 12,227 TONS OF 28-INCH AND 30-INCH PIPE. THERE IS NO BAN ON U.S. EXPORT OF SUCH PIPE, BUT THE SECRETARY OF COMMERCE HAS THE DISCRETION TO WITHHOLD APPROVAL IF HE DECIDES ITS SHIPMENT WOULD NOT BE IN THE NATIONAL INTEREST.

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OXFORD, MISS., MARCH 13 (AP)-EUCOPE'S ONLY HOPE FOR THE FUTURE, SAYS CLEMENT ATTLEE, IS AS PART OF A UNITED WORLD.

THE FORMER LABORITE PRIME MINISTER OF BRITAIN SAID IN A SPEECH AT THE UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI LAST NIGHT THAT "EXCESSIVE NATIONALISM HAS RUINED EUROPE."

ATTLEE CALLED FOR A UNITED STATES OF THE WORLD PATTERNED ALONG THE LINE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

"IF WE COULD ONLY GET A UNITED STATES OF THE WORLD WE COULD DO AWAY WITH ALL NATIONAL ARMAMENT."

ATTLEE SAID HE HAD NO FEAR OF COMMUNIST DOMINATION OF THE WORLD.

"THE COMMUNISTS," HE SAID, "HAVE MADE NO PROGRESS AGAINST HIGH STANDARDS OF LIFE. THE GREAT MENACE TO DEMOCRACY IS APATHY FROM WITHIN."

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ADDWA

(400) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TONIGHT

FALLOUT HAZARDS

(ADVANCE) SEATTLE, MARCH 13 (AP)-A NEW SCIENTIFIC THEORY REPORTED TONIGHT IS THAT RUSSIAN NUCLEAR TESTS IN POLAR REGIONS MAY PRESENT A GREATER FALLOUT HAZARD THAN TESTS SET OFF BY THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN NEAR THE EQUATOR.

THE THEORY--STILL CONSIDERED TENTATIVE--IS THAT OF DR. E.A. MARTELL OF THE AIR FORCE'S CAMBRIDGE, MASS., RESEARCH CENTER.

IT WAS MADE PUBLIC BY DR. WILLARD F. LIBBY, SCIENTIST-MEMBER OF THE U.S. ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION IN A TALK PREPARED FOR AN AUDIENCE AT THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON.

DR. LIBBY WAS NOT ABLE TO ATTEND IN PERSON BUT IN THE SPEECH AN AID WAS ASSIGNED TO READ FOR HIM. HE:

1. DECLARED THE RUSSIAN TEST SERIES OF LAST OCTOBER CAUSED A TREMENDOUS RISE IN RADIOACTIVE DEBRIS NOW FLOATING AROUND IN THE STRATOSPHERE ABOVE THE EARTH FROM THE TESTS OF ALL THREE NATIONS.

STRATOSPHERIC FALLOUT--ESSENTIALLY THE PRODUCT OF H-BOMBS--IS MORE FEARED THAN THAT WHICH FALLS FROM THE LOWER AREAS OF THE ATMOSPHERE AS PRODUCTS OF A-BOMBS. THE REASON: THERE'S MUCH MORE OF IT AND IT'S MORE WIDELY DISTRIBUTED, EVEN THOUGH IT TAKES MUCH LONGER TO COME DOWN.

2. APPEALED TO OTHER NATIONS TO ADOPT U.S. EFFORTS TO TRY FURTHER TO REDUCE THE MAGNITUDE OF FALLOUT BY INCREASED USE OF UNDERGROUND TESTS.

3. DISCLOSED THAT IN LAST SUMMER'S TESTS AT ENIWETOK, THE UNITED STATES DETONATED SOME OF ITS SHOTS ON BARGES LOADED WITH TONS OF SILICA SAID. THE IDEA WAS TO CAUSE THE SAND TO FUSE AND PRODUCE GLASS-TYPE BEADS ENCLOSING STRONTIUM-90, THE MOST FEARED OF ALL FALLOUT MATERIALS. THE HOPE IS THAT THIS WILL MAKE THE STRONTIUM LESS LIKELY TO BE ASSIMILATED BY PLANTS AND ANIMALS, AND THUS LESS LIKELY TO GET INTO THE HUMAN FOOD CHAIN.

4. SAID TREMENDOUS PROBLEMS REMAIN UNSOLVED AS TO THE BIOLOGICAL CONSEQUENCES OF FALLOUT RADIATION.

CONCERNING THE MARTELL THEORY ABOUT THE RUSSIAN POLAR TESTS, LIBBY'S EXPLANATION OF IT BOILED DOWN TO THIS:

THE CONCEPT HOLDS THAT FALLOUT INJECTED INTO THE STRATOSPHE[illegible]M THOSE TESTS MAY REMAIN ALOFT ONLY A MATTER OF SIX MONTHS OR SO, ALL OF IT CONCENTRATED OVER AND VENTUALLY BEING DEPOSITED IN TH[illegible] NORTHERN LATITUDES OF THE NORTHERN HEMISPHERE.

1959

THIS WOULD COMPARE WITH AN ESTIMATED FIVE TO 10 YEARS (CQ) STRATOSPHERIC SUSPENSION TIME FOR FALLOUT CREATED BY EQUATORIAL OF THE AMERICANS AND BRITISH. ALSO, THE LATTER TYPE IS BELIEVED [illegible] SCIENTISTS TO BE UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED THROUGHOUT THE STRATOSPHER[illegible] AROUND THE WHOLE WORLD.

FOR THIS LATTER TYPE, AT LEAST, IT IS ESTIMATED THAT BETWEEN 10[illegible] 20 PER CENT OF THE AMOUNT PRESENT IN THE STRATOSPHERE AT ANY GIVEN [illegible] FALLS TO THE EARTH IN A YEAR.

LIBBY INDICATED HIS OWN BELIEF IS THAT RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL FROM T[illegible] RUSSIAN POLAR TESTS WOULD BECOME DISTRIBUTED IN THE STRATOSPHERE [illegible] THE SAME FASHION AS THAT FROM EQUATORIAL SHOTS. BUT HE SAID THE NE[illegible] MARTELL THEORY IS UNDERGOING INTENSIVE STUDY AND THAT THE NEXT [illegible] MONTHS SHOULD SHOW WHICH IS MORE NEARLY CORRECT.

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B2WX (Q)

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 PM EST TONIGHT

(450) LIBBY-FALLOUT

(ADVANCE) SEATTLE, MARCH 13 (AP)-THE RUSSIAN NUCLEAR TESTS O[illegible] FALL PRODUCED THE SHARPEST RISE YET IN RADIOACTIVE DEBRIS IN TH[illegible] STRATOSPHERE, THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION DISCLOSED TONIGHT.

DR. WILLARD F. LIBBY, ONE OF THE COMMISSIONERS, TOLD ABOU[illegible] IT IN [illegible] TALK PREPARED FOR A UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON AUDIENCE.

THE LIBBY TEXT INCLUDED A CHART INDICATING THAT AS A RESULT OF THE RUSSIAN SERIES, THE CONTENT OF DANGEROUS RADIOACTIVE STRONTIUM IN THE STRATOSPHERE FROM TESTS OF ALL BOMB-TESTING NATIONS INCREASED JUST ABOUT TWO-FOLD OVER WHAT IT WAS AT THE START OF THE RUSSIAN TESTS.

THE AEC SCIENTIST MEMBER REFERRED TO IT AS A TREMENDOUS RISE.

HIS PRESENTATION, DESCRIBED AS A THEORETICAL STRATOSPHERIC INVENTORY OF STRONTIUM, BASED UPON CERTAIN KNOWN FACTORS AND CERTAIN ASSUMPTIONS, BOILS DOWN TO THIS:

IT IS ESTIMATED THAT AS A RESULT OF THE RUSSIAN TESTS, THE AMOUNT OF STRONTIUM IN THE STRATOSPHERE ROSE TO A FIGURE CORRESPONDING TO THE AMOUNT THAT WOULD BE PRODUCED BY NUCLEAR BOMBS HAVING A TOTAL EXPLOSIVE POWER EQUIVALENT TO BETWEEN 42 AND 52 MILLION TONS OF TNT. IT HAS FALLEN OFF SOMEWHAT SINCE.

BY COMPARISON, THE ESTIMATED FIGURE IN 1953, IN THE EARLY DAYS OF BOMB TESTING, WAS OF THE ORDER OF ONLY SEVERAL MILLION TONS OF BOMB EXPLOSIVE EQUIVALENT.

THE ACTUAL AMOUNT OF STRONTIUM IN THE STRATOSPHERE IS FAR FROM BEING IN TONNAGE QUANTITIES.

LIBBY'S FIGURES, EXPRESSED ANOTHER WAY, WOULD MEAN THAT AT LATEST RECKONING THERE WERE BETWEEN 60 AND 65 POUNDS (CQ) IN THE STRATOSPHERE.

LIBBY OFFERED NO ESTIMATES OF THE ULTIMATE EFFECTS ON MAN OF THE PRESENT STRONTIUM CONTENT OF THE STRATOSPHERE. STRONTIUM IS A MATERIAL WHICH COULD CAUSE BONE CANCER IF IT GOT INTO THE BODY IN SUFFICIENT AMOUNTS.

THE ONLY FIGURES HE GAVE AS TO STRONTIUM REACHING THE EARTH HAD TO DO WITH MEASUREMENTS OF THE AMOUNT IN SOIL AT VARIOUS POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES AND ELSEWHERE.

AN AEC SPOKESMAN IN WASHINGTON TOLD A REPORTER THERE IS NO PRESENT WAY OF DIRECTLY RELATING SOIL VALUES TO THE AMOUNT THAT MIGHT EVENTUALLY GET INTO PLANTS, ANIMALS AND HUMANS. THE AEC HAS ALSO SAID IN THE PAST THAT THERE ARE CERTAIN FACTORS TENDING TO REDUCE THE AMOUNTS OF STRONTIUM ASSIMILATED BY MAN, COMPARED TO WHAT OCCURS IN THEHSOIL.

THE FIGURES GIVEN BY LIBBY ARE IN TERMS OF MILLICURIES OF STRONTIUM RADIATION TO THE SQUARE MILE--A MILLICURIE BEING 1,000 CURIES, AND A CURIE BEING A UNIT OF RADIATION. THE MEASUREMENTS WERE MADE DURING THE LAST HALF OF LAST YEAR, THOUGH AT DIFFERENT TIMES, SO THEY ARE NOT EXACTLY COMPARABLE.

HIGHEST OF THE NINE AMERICAN CITIES LISTED WAS NEW YORK WITH APPROXIMATELY 90 MILLICURIES A SQUARE MILE. LOWEST OF THE NINE WAS BIRMINGHAM, ALA., WITH ABOUT 50. THE NEW YORK MEASUREMENTS WERE THE MOST RECENT OF ALL.

IN BETWEEN IN INCREASING ORDER WERE HOUSTON, SEATTLE, VERMILLION, OHIO, SALT LAKE CITY, LOS ANGELES, CORAL GABLES, FLA. AND PITTSBURGH. LIBBY OFFERED NO REASONS FOR THE DIFFERENCES.

THERE WAS A LISTING ALSO FOR TULSA, OKLA., OF ABOUT 60, BUT THE MEASUREMENT THERE WAS TAKEN DURING THE EARLIER PART OF 1958.

THE MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION OF STRONTIUM IN THE HUMAN BODY IS ONE MICROCURIE--THAT IS, ONE-MILLIONTH OF A CURIE.

(ABOVE NUMBERS: B22-23(CQ)WX)

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[illegible]WA, MARCH 13 (AP)--WALTER S. ROBERTSON, U.S. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF [illegible] TODAY LABELED AS ABSURD CHARGES THAT U.S. FAR EASTERN POLICY IS T[illegible] TO THE POLITICAL FORTUNES OF CHIANG KAI-SHEK.

ROBERTSON SAID IN A SPEECH TO THE CANADIAN CLUB OF OTTAVA CHIANG WAS A "TIME-TESTED FRIEND AND ALLY" WHO REFUSED TO SELL OUT TO THE JAPANESE DURING WORLD WAR II, TO THE RUSSIANS IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE WAR AND TO THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS.

"IF CHIANG SHOULD DIE TONIGHT, THE VALIDITY OF OUR POLICY WOULD IN NO WAY BE AFFECTED," ROBERTSON SAID.

ROBERTSON, SOMETIMES DESCRIBED AS THE ARCHITECT OF U.S. CHINA POLICY, SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS ONE OF TWO CHOICES IN SELECTING AN ALLY FROM THE TWO CHINAS:

"THE ANTI-COMMUNIST REPUBLIC OF CHINA, OUR FRIEND; OR THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNIST REGIME OF PEIPING, A DEADLY ENEMY DEDICATED TO OUR DESTRUCTION."

ROBERTSON SAID THE UNITED STATES STANDS WITH THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF THE FREE WORLD NATIONS IN RECOGNIZING CHIANG'S FORMOSA GOVERNMENT RATHER THAN THE PEIPING REGIME.

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End of March 15- 1959